

COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Item 1. Financial Statements

| CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { <TABLE> } \\ & \text { <CAPTION> } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { September } 30 \\ 2000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } 31 \\ 1999 \end{gathered}$ |
| Assets: |  |  |
| Current assets: |  |  |
| <S> | <C> | <C> |
| Cash | \$ 6,683,156 | \$ 14,837,655 |
| Receivables, net | 27,175,763 | 21,125,610 |
| Inventories (Note 4) | 29,636,714 | 21,168,942 |
| Deferred income taxes | 1,735,000 | 1,735,000 |
| Other current assets | 614,752 | 574,530 |
| Total current assets | 65,845,385 | 59,441,737 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 33,138,263 | 32,147,128 |
| less accumulated depreciation | $(22,818,736)$ | $(21,187,460)$ |
| Net property, plant and equipment | 10,319,527 | 10,959,668 |
| Other assets: |  |  |
| Excess of cost over net assets acquired | 7,251,727 | 8,819,923 |
| Investments in mortgage backed and other securities | 5,942,937 | 6,078,365 |
| Deferred income taxes | 2,164,116 | 2,168,571 |
| Note receivable | 3,165,390 | 3,365,390 |
| Other assets | 255,572 | 642,399 |
| Total other assets | 18,779,742 | 21,074,648 |
| Total Assets | \$ 94,944,654 | \$ 91,476,053 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity: |  |  |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |
| Notes payable | \$ 10,111,462 | \$ 9,043,035 |
| Accounts payable | 6,212,434 | 8,075,596 |
| Accrued expenses | 4,510,683 | 4,291,797 |
| Dividends payable | 879,895 | 855,087 |
| Income taxes payable | 1,229,970 | 2,788,746 |
| Total current liabilities | 22,944,444 | 25,054,261 |
| Stockholders' Equity | 72,000,210 | 66,421,792 |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | \$ 94,944,654 | \$ 91,476,053 | See notes to consolidated financial statements.

## </TABLE>

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>
<S>
Sales

COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited)

| 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| <C> | <C> | <C> | <C> |
| \$ 29,654,108 | \$ 29,278,686 | \$ 92,592,144 | \$ 85,682,922 |

Costs and expenses:


<TABLE>

<CAPTION>
COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(unaudited)

Cumulative


Tax benefit from non qualified
                employee stock options 13,754
13,754
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 8,551,272 & 427,564 & 25,302,306 & 40,996,869 & \((288,225)\) & \((16,722)\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\((288,225)\)
\((16,722)\)
    Purchase of stock (320,136) (16,007) (940,068) \(\quad(2,423,746)\)
\((3,379,821)\)
    Shareholder dividends
\((3,455,570)\)
\[
(3,455,570)
\]
    Other comprehensive loss
\((205,657) \quad(205,657)\)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1999
8,551,272
427,564
\(25,302,306\)
\(40,996,869\)
66,421,792
\((320,136) \quad(16,007) \quad(940,068)\) \((2,423,746)\)
\((3,455,570)\)
\((205,657) \quad(205,657)\)
\[
\text { - }----------
\]

66,421,792
Net income
8,
(16,
(

5,408,605
Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan
\(30,593 \quad 1,530 \quad 317,020\)

318,550
Issuance of stock to Employee Stock Ownership Plan 23,692 1,185 306,811 307,996

Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Option Plan
3,321,224
Stock issued as compensation
120,000
Purchase of stock
( \(1,175,132\) )
Shareholder dividends
\((2,635,475)\)
Collection of notes receivable
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
269,225 & 13,461 & \(3,307,763\) \\
8,000 & 400 & 119,600 \\
\((80,505)\) & \((4,025)\) & \((271,382)\)
\end{tabular}

5,408,605 288,225

Other comprehensive loss
\((375,575) \quad(375,575)\)
-- ------------

BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2000
\((392,297) \quad \$ 72,000,210\)
\(==========\)

statements. \begin{tabular}{l} 
See notes to consolidated financial \\
</TABLE> \\
| <TABLE> |
| :--- |
| <CAPTION> | <br>

<br>
<br>
<br>
<br>
<br>
COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES <br>
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS <br>
(unaudited)
\end{tabular}

| September 30 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2000 |  |
| 1999 |  |  |  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |  |
| <S> |  | > | <C> |
| Net income | \$ | 5,408,605 | \$ |
| 6,321,646 |  |  |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income |  |  |  |
| to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 3,972,128 |  |
| 3,918,252 |  |  |  |
| Changes in assets and liabilities net of effects from acquisition of LANart Corporation in 1999: |  |  |  |
| Iincrease in accounts receivable |  | $(6,220,735)$ |  |
| $(3,562,131)$ |  |  |  |
| Decrease (increase) in inventory |  | $(8,662,925)$ |  |
| 2,641,030 |  |  |  |
| Increase in other current assets |  | $(46,285)$ |  |
| $(263,933)$ |  |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable |  | $(1,707,642)$ |  |
| 938,680 |  |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses |  | 676,494 |  |
| $(172,477)$ |  |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable |  | $(1,548,697)$ |  |
| 2,311 |  |  |  |

$\qquad$
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:
Capital expenditures

| $(1,616,608)$ |
| :--- |
| Maturities of mortgage-backed and other investment securities |
| 744,429 |
| Purchases of mortgaged-backed and other securities |
| $(162,215)$ |
| $(5,625,000)$ |
| Decrease in other assets |
| 72,652 |
| Collection of notes receivable |$\quad 365,116$

200,000

Payment for purchase of LANart Corporation, net of cash acquired $(3,955,898)$

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-------
```

                    Net cash used in investing activities
    $(10,180,425)$
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Repayment of notes payable
(275,568)
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable
1,096,921
Dividends paid
$(2,621,189)$
Proceeds from issuance of stock
504,571
Purchase of stock
(3, 253, 137)
Collection of notes receivable
--------
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities
$(4,548,402)$
-------
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH
$(20,122)$
-------
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
$(4,925,571)$
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD
20,405,363
-------
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD
15,479,792
$===========$
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:
Income taxes paid
$\$ \quad 2,858,776$
$\qquad$
$(3,931,573)$
5,000,000
$(2,610,667)$
3,639,774
$(1,175,132)$
288,225
$1,210,627$
$(46,011)$
------------ -----
$(8,154,499)$
$14,837,655$
$\qquad$
1,814,143
Interest paid
515,351
See notes to consolidated financial
statements.
</TABLE>
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COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NOTE 1 - CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The balance sheet and statement of changes in stockholders' equity as of September 30, 2000, the statements of income and comprehensive income for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2000 and 1999 and the statements of cash flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30 , 2000 and 1999 have been prepared by the Company without audit. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments)

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. It is suggested these condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's December 31, 1999 Annual Report to Shareholders. The results of operations for the periods ended September 30 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the entire year.

In February 2000, the Company issued 23,692 shares of the Company's common stock to the Employee Stock Ownership Plan in payment of its 1999 obligation. In a noncash transaction, the Company recorded additional stockholders' equity of $\$ 308,000$ (reflecting the market value of the stock at the time of the contribution) and reduced accrued expenses by the same amount. In August 2000, the Company issued 8,000 shares of common stock to employees of a subsidiary in exchange for services. In a noncash transaction, the Company recorded additional stockholders' equity and compensation expense of $\$ 120,000$.

Effective April 7, 1999 the Company acquired LANart Corporation; a manufacturer of applications specific integrated circuits (ASIC Chips) located in Needham, Massachusetts, for approximately $\$ 3,956,000$, net of cash acquired. The operations were subsequently merged with Transition Networks, Inc. The excess of cost over net assets acquired in the transaction was $\$ 2,361,000$, which is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years.

In December 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 101 "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements." SAB No. 101 summarizes certain of the SEC staff's views in applying generally accepted accounting principles to selected revenue recognition issues. SAB No. 101 is to be implemented by the Company no later than the fourth quarter of 2000. Based on an initial review, the Company does not expect it to have a significant effect on financial position or results of operations.

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." The FASB subsequently issued SFAS No. 137 delaying the effective date for one year, to fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. The Company will adopt this standard no later than January 1, 2001. The Company does not expect that this standard will materially affect its financial position or results of operations.

COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTE 2 - NET INCOME PER SHARE
Basic net income per common share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each year. Diluted net income per common share takes into effect the dilutive effect of potential common shares outstanding. The Company's only potential common shares outstanding are stock options. The Company calculates the dilutive effect of outstanding options using the treasury stock method.

## NOTE 3 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company classifies its businesses into four segments: Suttle, which manufactures U.S. standard modular connecting and wiring devices for voice and data communications; Austin Taylor, which manufactures British standard line jacks, patch panels, wiring harness assemblies, metal boxes, distribution cabinets and central office frames; Transition Networks, which designs and markets data transmission and computer network products; and JDL Technologies (JDL) which provides telecommunications network design, specification and training services to educational institutions. During 1999, JDL became a more significant portion of the Company and is now identified as a separate segment. Segment results as previously reported have been restated to reflect JDL as a separate segment. Information concerning the company's operations in the various segments for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2000 and 1999 is as follows:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

\(\$ 92,592,144\)
Cost of sales
63,627,720
------------
28,964,424
Selling, general and
administrative expenses
22,499,747
- -------------

Operating income (loss)
\$ 6,464,677
============
Depreciation and amortization \$ 3,972,128
\(===========\)

Capital expenditures
\$ 1,922,215
\(===========\)

Assets
\$ 94,944,654
\(\qquad\)


18,240,652

8,759,254
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2,769,651 & & \\
\hline & 3,175,510 & \$ & 1,244,291 \\
\hline \$ & \((405,859)\) & \$ & (1,244,291) \\
\hline \$ & 378,414 & \$ & 135,000 \\
\hline \$ & 266,808 & \$ & 34,338 \\
\hline \$ & 8,696,278 & \$ & 8,955,089 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Nine Months Ended September 30, 1999:
Revenues
\(\$ 85,682,922\)
Cost of sales
\$ 44,422,016
\$ 8,716,082
\$ 26,134,463

7,071,579 16,418,102

\(16,418,102\)
--------------1
\$ 6,410,361
4,274,791
56,610,922
------------
\(15,575,566\)
\(1,644,503\)
9,716,361
\(2,135,570\)
29,072,000
Selling, general and
administrative expenses
6,146,014
\(1,012,953\)
\(10,401,783\)

\(\qquad\)
\(\$ \quad 631,550 \quad \$ \quad(685,422)\)
\(============\)
\$ \((151,410)\)
\(\$(1,293,147)\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)

Depreciation
\(\$ 3,918,252\)


Capital expenditures
\(\$ 1,041,379\)
\(============\)


\(\qquad\)
\(\$ \quad 85,331\)
\(\$ \quad 55,635\)
\$ 49,087,016
\(\$ 7,346,459\)
\(\$ 20,203,702\)
\$ 4,547,311
\(\$ 8,008,231\)

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COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES


\(==========\)
</TABLE>

## NOTE 4 - INVENTORIES

Inventories summarized below are priced at the lower of first-in, first-out cost or market:

|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { September } 30 \\ 2000 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } 31 \\ 1999 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Finished Goods | \$ | 10,131,621 | \$ | 7,418,810 |
| Raw Materials |  | 19,505,093 |  | 13,750,132 |
| Total | \$ | 29,636,714 | \$ | 21,168,942 |

NOTE 5 - INCOME TAXES
Income taxes are computed based upon the estimated effective rate applicable to operating results for the full fiscal year. For the periods ended September 30, 2000 and 1999 income taxes do not bear a normal relationship to income before income taxes, primarily because income from Puerto Rico operations is taxed at rates lower than the U.S. rate.

Statements regarding the Company's anticipated performance in future periods are forward looking and involve risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to: buying patterns of its Regional Bell Operating Customers, competitor's products, the success of its recent acquisitions, changes in tax laws, particularly in regard to taxation of its subsidiary in Puerto Rico.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2000 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 1999

Consolidated sales increased $8 \%$ to $\$ 92,592,000$. Consolidated operating income decreased 18\% to \$6,465,000.

Suttle sales decreased $1 \%$ to $\$ 44,090,000$. Sales to the major telephone companies (Bell South, SBC, Verizon and Qwest) decreased $\$ 3,114,000$ or $11 \%$. Sales to these customers accounted for $56 \%$ of Suttle's sales. The sales decrease to these customers was principally due to the merger between GTE and Bell Atlantic (now Verizon) which disrupted normal procurement activities at both companies. Additionally, a labor strike against Bell Atlantic reduced its telephone installation and maintenance activities and adversely affected Suttle's sales. Sales to distributors, original equipment manufacturers (OEMs), and electrical contractors increased $\$ 3,410,000$, or $29 \%$. Sales to retail customers decreased $\$ 570,000$ or $25 \%$ due to decreased sales to Radio Shack, which is Suttle's principal retail customer. Suttle's export sales, including sales to Canada, increased \$4,000 to \$1,709,000.

Suttle's sales results by product line were mixed in the 2000 period. Gains were mainly from sales of data products, which increased 58\% from the 1999 period. New data product offerings, especially products suitable for high-speed data transmission, are getting exceptional acceptance from customers. However, Suttle is experiencing supply problems with certain raw materials for these products, resulting in delays in shipments to customers of some products. Data product sales gains were offset by lower sales of Suttle's voice products. Revenues from CorroShield products, which are sold mainly to the major telephone companies, decreased $8 \%$. Sales of conventional voice products declined $10 \%$. Sales of voice products are being hurt by price competition from foreign manufacturers. Sales of fiber-optic connector products decreased $13 \%$.

Suttle's gross margins decreased $12 \%$ to $\$ 13,763,000$. Gross margin percentage declined to $31.2 \%$ in 2000 from $35.0 \%$ in 1999. The decline in gross margin was due to price-cutting to meet competition as well as unfavorable overhead comparisons caused by lower than anticipated production volume. Suttle's operating income decreased $\$ 1,309,000$ or $14 \%$.

Austin Taylor's sales decreased $14 \%$ to $\$ 7,489,000$. The decrease was due to reduced sales of CATV products, below plan sales to Pacific Rim telephone companies and the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates. Austin Taylor's gross margin declined $28 \%$ to $\$ 1,188,000$. Gross margin as a percentage of sales was $16 \%$ compared to $19 \%$ in 1999. The decline in gross margin was principally due to lower business volume. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased $\$ 188,000$ due to increased sales efforts in the Pacific Rim. Austin Taylor had an operating loss of $\$ 14,000$ in the 2000 nine months compared to operating income of $\$ 632,000$ in the 1999 period.

Sales by Transition Networks, Inc. increased $\$ 3,350,000$ or $13 \%$. The sales gain was due to increased demand for media conversion products and the full year effect of the acquisition of LANart Corporation in April 1999. Gross margin on Transition Networks' sales increased $16 \%$ to $\$ 11,244,000$. Gross margin as a percentage of sales increased to $38 \%$ from $37 \%$ in 1999 , principally due to higher volume. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased $\$ 834,000$ or $8 \%$. Transition Networks had operating income of $\$ 8,000$ in the 2000 period compared to an operating loss of $\$ 685,000$ in 1999 . The 1999 period included costs associated with merging LANart Corporation into Transition Networks.

COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Sales by JDL Technologies, Inc. increased $\$ 5,119,000$ or $80 \%$. However, most of the sales increase was made up of low-margin or no-margin reselling of networking equipment to the education market. JDL's gross margin increased $30 \%$ to $\$ 2,770,000$. Gross margin as a percentage of sales decreased to $24 \%$ from $33 \%$ in the 1999 period. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased $\$ 889,000$, or $39 \%$, due to expanded sales efforts. JDL's operating loss was $\$ 406,000$ compared to $\$ 151,000$ in the 1999 period.

Consolidated investment income, net of interest expense, increased $\$ 33,000$ due to higher returns on invested funds and lower average borrowing from banks. Income before income taxes decreased $\$ 1,433,000$ or $18 \%$. The Company's effective income tax rate was $19.4 \%$ compared to $22.4 \%$ in 1999. The decrease in the tax rate was because a higher percentage of the Company's earnings was sheltered from U.S. tax in the 2000 period. Net income decreased $\$ 913,000$ or $14 \%$.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2000 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 1999

Consolidated sales increased $1 \%$ to $\$ 29,654,000$. Consolidated operating income decreased 29\% to \$1,851,000.

Suttle sales decreased $6 \%$ to $\$ 13,571,000$. Sales to the major telephone companies decreased $\$ 2,193,000$ to $\$ 6,710,000$. Sales to these customers accounted for $49 \%$ of Suttle's sales. The sales decrease to these customers was principally due to the merger between GTE and Bell Atlantic (now Verizon) which disrupted normal procurement activities at both companies. Additionally, a labor strike against Bell Atlantic reduced its telephone installation and maintenance activities and adversely affected Suttle's sales. Sales to distributors, original equipment manufacturers (OEMs), and electrical contractors increased $\$ 1,175,000$, or $27 \%$. Sales to retail customers decreased $\$ 89,000$ or $13 \%$ due to decreased sales to Radio Shack, which is Suttle's principal retail customer. Suttle's export sales increased \$250,000 to \$723,000.

Sales of Suttle's voice products (CorroShield and conventional products) declined $\$ 1,881,000$ or $16 \%$. Sales of voice products were down due to business disruptions at major telephone customers. Sales of conventional voice products are also being harmed by price competition from foreign manufacturers. Sales of data products increased 48\% from the 1999 period. New data product offerings, especially products suitable for high-speed data transmission, are getting exceptional acceptance from customers. However, Suttle is experiencing supply problems with certain raw materials for these products, resulting in delays in shipments to customers of some products. Sales of fiber-optic connector products decreased 7\%.

Suttle's gross margins decreased $22 \%$ to $\$ 3,881,000$. Gross margin percentage declined to $28.6 \%$ in 2000 from $34.4 \%$ in 1999. The decline in gross margin was due to price-cutting to meet competition as well as unfavorable overhead comparisons caused by lower than anticipated production volume. Suttle's operating income decreased $\$ 875,000$ or $30 \%$.

Austin Taylor's sales decreased $29 \%$ to $\$ 2,127,000$. The decrease was due to reduced sales of CATV products and below plan sales to international customers. Austin Taylor's gross margin declined $54 \%$ to $\$ 253,000$. Gross margin as a percentage of sales was $12.0 \%$ compared to $18.3 \%$ in 1999. The decline in gross margin was principally due to lower business volume. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased $\$ 42,000$ due to increased sales efforts in the Pacific Rim. Austin Taylor had an operating loss of $\$ 121,000$ in the 2000 period compared to operating income of $\$ 219,000$ in 1999.

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COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Sales by Transition Networks, Inc. increased $\$ 1,573,000$ or $17 \%$. Gross margin on Transition Networks' sales increased $10 \%$ to $\$ 4,055,000$. Gross margin as a percentage of sales decreased to $37 \%$ from $39 \%$ in 1999. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased $\$ 171,000$ or $5 \%$. During the third quarter of 2000, the Company implemented a cost reduction program aimed at lowering this unit's overhead structure by $20 \%$. The program will be continued into the fourth quarter. Transition Networks had operating income of $\$ 478,000$ in the 2000 period compared to an operating loss of $\$ 78,000$ in 1999.

Sales by JDL Technologies, Inc. increased $23 \%$ to $\$ 2,978,000$. However, most of the sales increase was made up of low-margin or no-margin reselling of networking equipment to the education market. JDL's gross margin decreased $\$ 97,000$ to $\$ 849,000$. Gross margin as a percentage of sales decreased to $29 \%$ from 39\% in the 1999 period. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased $\$ 95,000$, or $10 \%$, due to JDL's expanded sales efforts. JDL's operating loss was $\$ 192,000$ compared to a loss of $\$ 1,000$ in the 1999 period.

Consolidated investment income, net of interest expense, decreased $\$ 103,000$ due to increased interest on bank borrowings and smaller cash balances available for investment. Income before income taxes decreased $\$ 844,000$ or $31 \%$. The Company's effective income tax rate was 18.8\% compared to 22.2\% in 1999. Net income decreased $\$ 594,000$ or $28 \%$.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2000, the Company had approximately $\$ 6,683,000$ of cash and cash equivalents compared to $\$ 14,838,000$ of cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 1999. The Company had working capital of approximately $\$ 42,901,000$ and a current ratio of 2.9 to 1 compared to working capital of $\$ 34,387,000$ and a current ratio of 2.4 to 1 at the end of 1999.

The Company had an operating cash flow deficit of $\$ 8,129,000$ in the first nine months of 2000 compared to positive operating cash flow of $\$ 9,823,000$ in the same period in 1999. The Company used substantial amounts of cash to support higher accounts receivable and inventory balances at JDL Technologies and Transition Networks in the 2000 period. Some of these expenditures were made in anticipation of higher business volumes that have failed to materialize. The Company is adjusting the business plans of these operations in order to conserve cash and reduce inventory and accounts receivable levels.

Investing activities utilized $\$ 1,190,000$ of cash in the 2000 period. Cash investments in new plant and equipment totaled $\$ 1,922,000$, which was financed by internal cash flows. The Company expects to spend a total of $\$ 3,000,000$ on capital additions in 2000 .

Net cash flows from financing activities were $\$ 1,211,000$ for the first nine months of 2000. The Company retired $\$ 3,932,000$ of notes payable in the first nine months of 2000. However, cash requirements at JDL Technologies and Transition Networks necessitated $\$ 5,000,000$ of new borrowing from June through September 2000. Notes payable were $\$ 10,111,000$ at September 30, 2000 compared to $\$ 9,043,000$ at December 31, 1999. The Company purchased and retired 80,505 shares of its stock in open market transactions during the 2000 period. At September 30, 2000 Board authorizations are outstanding to purchase an additional 59,000 shares. Dividends paid on common stock were $\$ 2,611,000$. The Company received $\$ 3,640,000$ of cash in the 2000 period from exercises of employee stock options and employee stock purchases.

COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
The Company has been and continues to be engaged in discussions and analysis concerning its future. Among the alternatives being considered is the merger of the Company with another firm. The Company has retained US Bankcorp Piper Jaffray as its investment banker to assist in these discussions. The Company has not received any formal merger offer. No assurance can be given that these discussions will result in a definitive merger agreement.

In the opinion of management, based on the Company's current financial and operating position and projected future expenditures, sufficient funds are available to meet the Company's anticipated operating and capital expenditure needs.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION
Items 1 - 6. Not Applicable

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereto duly authorized.

Communications Systems, Inc.
By /s/ Paul N. Hanson
Paul N. Hanson
Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
Date: November 14, 2000
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<CIK>
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<EPS-DILUTED>

0000022701
COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS, INC.
1
U.S. DOLLARS

SEP-30-2000
6,683,156
28, 320, $\begin{array}{r}0 \\ \hline\end{array}$
1,145,000
29,636,714
65,845,385
33,138,263
22,818,736
94,944,654
22,944,444

440,114
$71,560,096$
94,944,654
92,592,144
92,592,144
$63,627,720$
$62,627,720$
22,499,747
487,460
$6,708,605$
$1,300,000$
5,408,605
0.62
0.61

